

Spotlight: A Skills Recognition Tool

Resources

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Pay and Employment Equity Unit Department of Labour

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BEHAVIOURAL QUESTIONS

Spotlight skill element	Suggested behavioural questions
A1. Sensing contexts or situations – capacity to notice, interpret and understand the significance of wider job contexts or changed workplace situations	Please describe an incident where you needed to be very aware of what was happening around you. Prompt: You may have needed to be aware of wider contexts or of a changing situation.
A2. Monitor and guide your own or others' reactions – capacity to monitor and guide your own and others' reactions or to manage situations where awareness levels vary	Please outline an incident in which you needed to: monitor your own reactions carefully, in order to be effective needed to be aware of the reactions of other people needed to manage other people's awareness or reactions.
A3. Judge impacts – capacity to evaluate your own or team's impact, in the workplace or on clients or community	 Please outline an incident where: it was important to monitor and assess the impact you or your team were having on a situation make a colleague aware of the impact they were having.
B1. Negotiate boundaries – capacity to set your own boundaries and respect those of others or influence or negotiate within and across boundaries	Please describe briefly an incident where: you had to set limits to what you were being asked to do you needed to influence the behaviour of someone over whom you had no direct authority you needed to use your powers of persuasion or you needed to use negotiating skills.
B2. Communicate verbally and nonverbally – capacity to respond to and use non-verbal and verbal communication or enhance the impact of the organisation's communications	 Please outline an incident where: you were required to respond to or use non-verbal communication you needed to adapt your communication to the context you needed to adapt your communication in order to be understood by different people.
B3. Connect across cultures – capacity to develop awareness of diverse cultures and understand one's own cultural impact or build intercultural trust relations or honour Treaty of Waitangi obligations C1. Sequence and combine your own	Please outline a situation where you: needed to interact with individuals from another cultural group needed to work closely with representatives from another cultural group. Please outline an incident where you were called on to:
activities – capacity to organise your own work by prioritising, switching and interlinking activities	do a number of things at oncecope with interruptions.
C2. Interweave your own activities with those of others – capacity to follow up tasks and follow through on undertakings or interweave your contribution smoothly with that of others	Please describe briefly an incident where you needed :to interlink your activities with what other people were doing follow up loose ends.
C3. Maintain or restore workflow – capacity to maintain, rebalance or restore workflow or overcome obstacles or help put things back on track	 Please describe an incident in which you needed to: work around an obstacle or overcome a barrier prevent a crisis from occurring pick up the pieces after something went wrong.

BRIEFING FOR SELECTION PANEL

Research shows that, in a job interview, it is hard to pin down skills that are:

Not named:	Not well understood:	Not valued because of:
Tactful (used behind the scenes)	Second-order skills	Gender
Taboo (used behind the screens)	Integrating skills	Class
Tactile	Interweaving activities	Culture
Tacit	(Re)balancing self, workflow, work relations	

Skills for which there is no name

Skills such as tact or discretion or work behind the scenes may be awkward to mention. There are social taboos against naming some behind the screens work in health, or community work. Some tactile skills based on physical senses are hard to put into words. For example, it is hard to describe the use of touch, dexterity or eye-hand coordination that has become second nature.

Words may not fully pick up the tacit skills used in dynamic and rapidly changing situations, where team members get the picture and signal fleetingly to each other what needs to be done. Tacit skills may also be built through indirect information exchange, based on unofficial work stories or shared through symbols, unspoken rules, cues, routines or rituals.

Skills that are not well understood

Under-specified second-order skills oil the wheels of more visible work processes:

- Individual meta-cognitive skills of monitoring one's own learning and impacts.
- Practical supra skills integrative skills that smoothly link activities.
- · Combining automatic routines and conscious problem-solving.
- Fitting individual activities into team and organisational workflows.
- Skills of rebalancing oneself, providing social glue or keeping things on the rails.

Skills that may be undervalued

- Emotional intelligence or coordinating skills may be noticed more in supervisory or managerial jobs, or valued more when performed by men.
- Coping with risk may be seen as natural among community nurses, but rewarded in fire fighters.
- The competence of working in a community with a different culture may be recognised when practiced by pākehā but not when practiced by Māori.

Process skills

These hidden skills fall into the category of process skills that:

- bring qualifications to life
 through
 practice
- apply life and work experience
 problem-solving
 - turn knowledge inputs into outcomes

 solution-sharing
 - system-shaping.

Many statements about natural attributes can be redescribed as Spotlight skills:

- professionalismproblem-solvingresilience
- can do attitude
 outgoing personality
 customer focus
- initiative
 tact and empathy
 teamwork
 - self-motivation time management leadership

Using the Spotlight lens

The Spotlight skills recognition tool classifies these skills into nine elements, defined at five levels:

Spotlight skill recognition grid

	LEVELS	LEVELS					
SKILL ELEMENTS	1. Familiarisation	2. Automatic fluency	3. Proficient problem-solving	4. Creative solution- sharing	5. Expert system- shaping		
A. Shaping awareness A1. Sensing contexts or situations							
A2. Monitoring and guiding reactions							
A3. Judging impacts							
B. Interacting and relatin	g						
B1. Negotiating boundaries							
B2. Communicating verbally and non-verbally							
B3. Connecting across cultures							
C. Coordinating							
C1. Sequencing and combining activities							
C2. Interweaving your activities with others'							
C3. Maintaining and/or restoring workflow							

By using the Spotlight lens, it is possible to predict potential work performance more accurately and to select more fairly. The subjectivity of the selection process can be reduced by ensuring that selection decisions are partly based on inclusion of Spotlight skills among the selection criteria and the use of Spotlight behavioural questions.

Key Spotlight skills have been added to the Job Interview Decision Sheet, cross-referenced to personal qualities and illustrated with activity examples. It is now the task of the selection panel to decide on the behavioural questions to ask - one for each Spotlight criterion.

As a panel, you will need to agree on the precise wording of a question for each of the criteria in the Job Interview Decision Sheet and allocate the questions. Individual panel members will need to write their question into copies of the Job Interview Decision Sheet – one for each applicant.

During or immediately after each interview, please write your own comment on each applicant's response to this question, before discussing these comments with the rest of the panel.

JOB INTERVIEW DECISION SHEET

Organisatio	on		Position details		Date	
Applicant's	s name					
Spotlight element	Activity example	Personal quality	Behavioural question	Target level/time	Interviewer/panel comment	

Levels:

1. Familiarisation

2. Automatic fluency

3. Proficient problem-solving

4. Creative solution-sharing

5. Expert system-shaping

JOB SKILLS PROFILE

Organisation					
Position title					
Date					
	LEVELS				
	1. Familiarisation	2. Automatic fluency	3. Proficient problem-solving	4. Creative solution-sharing	5. Expert system- shaping
	Capacity to:				
SKILL ELEMENTS	Build experience through practice, reflection and learning from others	Apply experience independently and automatically	Use automatic proficiency while solving new problems	Help create new approaches through shared solutions	Embed expertise in an ongoing work system
A. Shaping awareness					L
A1. Sensing contexts or situations					
A2. Monitoring and guiding reactions					
A3. Judging impacts					
B. Interacting and relation	ng				
B1. Negotiating boundaries					
B2. Communicating verbally and non-verbally					
B3. Connecting across cultures					
C. Coordinating					
C1. Sequencing and combining activities					
C2. Interweaving your activities with others'					
C3. Maintaining and/or restoring workflow					

Examples of activities using key skill elements

JOB SKILLS RECOGNITION WORKBOOK

Kia ora. Welcome to the Spotlight Job Skills Recognition Workbook.

The hidden skills in your job

If someone asked you what you had done during the day, or what you had done in a particular situation, you might think, "I just did what had to be done, and it isn't always the kind of thing that you can easily describe." This statement illustrates the sorts of skills that this workbook is seeking to identify. What hidden capabilities does your job require that are hard to put into words? This workbook is designed to help bring the less visible skill demands of your job into the spotlight. Naming these skill demands will help ensure that your job is accurately understood. In using this booklet, you will be working with a supervisor or facilitator, or in a discussion group with people in jobs similar to yours.

Very important! The job, not the individual

The purpose of this workbook is to collect data on the hidden skills required by your job. You may have lots of other skills, and you may be doing extra things in the job beyond what is required. There is another Spotlight booklet to help profile your own hidden skills. Right now, however, the focus is on the hidden skills needed to achieve the purpose of your job.

Please start by filling in the information below

Because the focus here is on the skill demands of the job, not on your own skills, you may wish to use a confidential ID. If so, please ensure that your team leader or Spotlight discussion leader can match the ID to you, in case clarification is needed, or in case you would like to know the results. Otherwise, please just add your name.

Job title (from your position description)	Work unit
Organisation	Location
Jobholder name or confidential ID	
What is the purpose of this job?	
How long have you been in this job?	
Job analyst(s)	Date

Instructions

Tick all the activities that are necessary in your job and provide an example of any further activities that uses these skill elements.

SKILL ELEMENT	Learn	Do fluently	Solve new problems	Create together	Change system
A1. Sensing contexts	☐ Build up understanding	Adapt and apply	☐ Piece together	☐ Handle uncertainty by	Use understanding of
or situations -	of worksite, resources,	practical knowledge and	information and	exchanging rapid situational	organisation's priorities to
capacity to notice,	contacts, roles and rules.	skills gained outside the	perspectives from various	updates with colleagues,	influence systems and
interpret and	☐ Build up a general	workplace.	sources to solve a problem.	using codes or signals.	policies.
understand the	understanding of terms and	☐ Draw on wider	☐ Use knowledge of	☐ With colleagues, share	☐ Develop a system of
significance of wider job	technology used by	experience of workplaces to	internal and external	ideas and approaches to	regular information
contexts or changed	specialists in the work area.	fit in with the styles of	contexts to anticipate	solving client or technical	exchange on developments
workplace situations.	☐ Use observation,	different work groups.	problems.	problems.	inside and outside the
Examples:	questions, reading and	☐ Automatically pick up on	☐ Solve a problem for a	☐ By helping create and	organisation.
A caseworker maintains	reflection to understand	small situational changes or	client or colleague by sifting	maintain internal and	☐ Bring together people
a strong awareness of	wider work contexts.	early warning signs.	key issues from masses of	external networks, keep up	with theoretical knowledge
local community			detail.	to date on developments	and practical experience to
networks.				and trends relevant to the	think about an issue in a
A corrections officer				work area.	new way.
picks up early signs that					
trouble is brewing.					

Please provide another example:

SKILL ELEMENT	Learn	Do fluently	Solve new problems	Create together	Change system
A2. Monitoring and	Learn to recognise and	☐ Recognise provocations	☐ By keying in to other	☐ Be alert to the work	☐ Know when to persevere
guiding reactions -	set aside your own pre-	(try ons) and deftly avoid	people's way of thinking,	group's emotional under-	and when to let go of a
capacity to monitor and	judgements of people or	responding to them.	filter information for its	currents, strengths and	system change you are
guide your own and	situations.	☐ Use cues or formulas to	relevance to them.	needs.	seeking to introduce.
others' reactions, or	☐ Gain insight into difficult	guide or coach others in	☐ Handle situations where	☐ Compare notes with	☐ Monitor perceptions of
manage situations	behaviour by seeing when it	how to behave in a	participants have varying	colleagues, to identify	an initiative, to clear up
where awareness levels	is a response to fear or	situation.	levels of awareness and	underlying causes of	misinterpretations.
vary.	embarrassment.	☐ In a difficult situation.	want different degrees of	difficulties and share	☐ Foresee potential
Example:	Learn to control your	automatically cross-check	disclosure.	approaches to handling	difficulties with a policy
A probation officer going	reactions to frightening or	your own and co-workers'	☐ Manage responses to	them.	proposal and find ways of
with a new team	disgusting situations.	reactions.	overwhelming tasks by	☐ Prepare for a key event	addressing them in
member into a			breaking them into steps.	by going through all the	advance.
potentially dangerous				steps and gaining feedback	
situation, monitors her				from a trusted colleague.	
own and her partner's					
responses.					

SKILL ELEMENT	Learn	Do fluently	Solve new problems	Create together	Change system
A3. Judging impacts –	☐ Learn to predict how	☐ By listening and	☐ Pick the right moment	Regularly summarise	☐ Set up processes for
capacity to evaluate	your responses to a	watching, sense the point at	for conveying news, judging	your understanding of what	drawing together feedback
your own or team's	situation will affect the	which someone is beginning	from reactions how much to	is going on in order to check	from a wide range of
impacts in the	reactions of other people.	to be uncomfortable with	say.	that others agree.	sources in order to assess
workplace or on clients	☐ Learn to screen	what you are saying or	☐ In using technology on	☐ Help create a supportive	wider and longer term
or community.	unnecessarily worrying or	doing.	or with people,	context for giving and	impacts.
Example:	unsettling work processes	☐ Automatically minimise	monitor/analyse information	receiving feedback when	☐ Perceive flow-on impacts
A technician judges	from clients.	others' fear or shame (for	whilst chatting to relax	approaches are not working	of decisions on other parts
which approaches are	Learn to read a situation	example, calmly refer to a	them.	well.	of the organisation.
producing beneficial	and consider consequences	little mishap).	☐ Test your ideas by	☐ Constructively challenge	Develop a system for
effects, testing ideas	before responding.	☐ Automatically act to	listening, observing and	practices that compromise	analysing and addressing
and exchanging notes		reduce the stress of others,	reflecting in coming up with	the safety or dignity of	longer-term impacts by
with colleagues.		for example, by explaining	a solution to a problem.	others.	reviewing unintended
		actions and delays.			outcomes and their causes.

SKILL ELEMENT	Learn	Do fluently	Solve new problems	Create together	Change system
B1. Negotiating	☐ In responding to	☐ Communicate clear and	☐ Find a pleasant way to	☐ Quietly share knowledge	☐ Carry a proposal forward
boundaries – capacity	requests from clients or	consistent limits in a way	refuse requests that would	and experience with people	by networking with key
to set your own	colleagues, learn to	that gains acceptance.	deflect from deadlines.	who do not accept your	stakeholders.
boundaries and respect	establish the boundaries of	☐ Maintain cordial relations	☐ Confront problems	authority.	☐ Gain support for a
those of others, or	your role.	with people outside your	quickly and directly (for	☐ Give others space to	change proposal by planting
influence or negotiate	Learn to allow upset	authority, thereby gaining	example, 'You aren't going	learn and make mistakes.	the idea in stages or testing
within and across	people to calm down before	cooperation.	to want to hear this, but	☐ Find ways to improve	the water with key people.
boundaries.	trying to help.	☐ Provide support	').	work practices by	☐ Provide a sense of
Examples:	Learn to gain	unobtrusively to enhance	☐ Negotiate or advocate in	constructively giving and	direction that energises
A customer service	understanding and consent	others' independence.	a way that retains good-will,	receiving negative feedback	others by reflecting their
representative avoids	by explaining each step of a		whilst not giving way on	in unequal power situations.	aspirations.
being drawn into	process.		bottom line solutions.		
creating unrealistic					
client expectations.					
A support worker					
tactfully advises a					
senior colleague that					
her preferred approach					
is not working for a					
client.					

SKILL ELEMENT	Learn	Do fluently	Solve new problems	Create together	Change system
B2. Communicating	☐ Learn to interpret tone of	☐ Interpret the needs and	☐ Pace communication to	☐ Solve technical problems	☐ Crystallise the views of a
verbally and non-	voice and body language.	intentions of people who	the varying attention spans	for non-experts by using	diverse audience with apt or
verbally – capacity to	Learn to use	have restricted mobility or	of different listeners.	symbols or familiar	memorable language or
respond to and use	conversation or tone of	verbal language.	☐ Pitch language to people	comparisons to identify the	images.
verbal and non-verbal	voice to put people at ease,	☐ Use silent friendly	with varying levels of	problem and communicate	☐ Use understanding of
communication	keep their spirits up or allow	listening, allowing people to	understanding.	solutions.	community issues to ensure
adaptively or	closure.	talk through their concerns.	Overcome	☐ Coin catchphrases that	communications gain
aesthetically.	Learn to set out	☐ Use reassuring and	miscommunication problems	will serve as a shared guide	acceptance by a range of
Examples:	concepts clearly and	respectful touch (when	by translating, for example,	to action.	audiences.
A rehabilitation worker	logically using written and	appropriate), to convey or	between children and	☐ Collaboratively use	☐ Help build a consistent,
uses physical cues to	spoken language and other	gain information.	experts.	resources and media to	aesthetic and ethical
guide the learning of a	media.			build a stimulating or	communication style for the
client, noting tiny signs				reassuring environment.	organisation.
of progress.					
An administrative officer					
uses layout and design					
to communicate an					
attractive message in					
newsletters.					

SKILL ELEMENT	Learn	Do fluently	Solve new problems	Create together	Change system
B3. Connecting	Learn the rules for	☐ See your own and your	☐ Approach work practices	☐ Listen attentively to key	☐ Work with people from
across cultures -	interacting appropriately in	work team's behaviour from	from the perspectives of	in to the sub-text and	diverse backgrounds to help
capacity to develop	intercultural situations.	the perspective of another	Māori staff and staff from	dynamics of gatherings	knock over systemic
awareness of diverse	☐ Learn to interact easily	culture.	other cultural backgrounds.	based on Māori or another	barriers.
cultures and understand	and respectfully with people	☐ Identify the correct	☐ Work effectively with	language or culture.	☐ In consultation with
your own cultural	from diverse cultures.	community spokespeople to	people who have different	☐ Incorporate elements of	appropriate spokespeople,
impact, or build	☐ Learn protocols for	approach for specific	approaches to time.	te reo Māori, a community	work at a systems level to
intercultural trust	respectful use of traditional	purposes.	☐ Help negotiate solutions	language, NZSL, Braille or	implement Treaty
relations.	knowledge.	☐ Speak and act in a way	to problems caused by	Makaton into your work	obligations of partnership,
Examples:	Miowieuge.	that fits with cultural	disability or cultural	practices.	participation and protection
A liaison officer follows		protocols and values, for	misunderstandings.	☐ Informally interpret or	of Māori interests.
protocols in working		example, Māori respect for	J	mediate between work	☐ By immersion in a
with the appropriate		status and mutual care.		colleagues and members of	community, help build
people in ensuring				cultural communities.	culturally appropriate
services are based on					programmes.
the principle of					
participation.					
A social worker who					
doesn't speak a client's					
language finds culturally					
appropriate help.					

SKILL ELEMENT	Learn	Do fluently	Solve new problems	Create together	Change system
C1. Sequencing and	Develop a list of	☐ See what needs to be	☐ Assess urgency and	☐ Exchange tricks of the	☐ Help embed useful
combining activities -	contacts, definitions,	done and automatically do	importance of simultaneous	trade and ideas for	elements of your own
capacity to organise	reminders and shortcuts to	it, so that no-one notices	calls on attention, any of	shortcuts with colleagues.	systems and codes in the
your work by	help streamline work.	your input until absent.	which could become a crisis.	☐ Plan team briefings by	organisation's programmes.
prioritising, switching,	Learn to incorporate new	Respond to a range of	☐ As new demands arise	using a logical sequence and	☐ Maintain a range of
combining and linking	tools and techniques into	demands by making sense	during the day, frequently	leaving out non-essentials in	initiatives at various stages
activities.	work processes.	of the muddle slotting each	reprioritise tasks and	order to avoid confusion.	of completion, switching
Example:	☐ Learn to sort your own	request into the day.	streamline movements to	☐ Develop codes for	attention among them to
A care assistant	tasks according to	☐ If interrupted, carry the	keep within deadlines.	recording key details of	even out workload peaks.
maintains a schedule of	importance and urgency.	idea and get back quickly to	☐ Think quickly on your	events as they happen to	☐ Map long-term goals, to
both patient care and		the same point.	feet when challenged or	allow effective follow-up.	help align them with
ward upkeep, quickly			when something		organisational realities.
refocusing after			malfunctions in the course		
frequent interruptions			of an activity.		
when patients, family,					
whanau and staff					
members ask for help.					

SKILL ELEMENT	Learn	Do fluently	Solve new problems	Create together	Change system
C2. Interweaving	Learn to keep notes of	☐ Use knowledge of how	☐ Monitor each step of a	☐ Develop shared	☐ Create systems for
your activities with	loose ends that need to be	the workplace runs to	group work process so that	information exchange, such	sharing innovations or
others' – capacity to	followed up with colleagues.	ensure issues are followed	everything is at hand for	as mental maps, flow-	solutions to intractable
follow up tasks and	Learn the best timing	through to closure.	individuals with varying	charts, coding systems,	problems.
follow through on	and approach in interrupting	☐ Automatically check to	work styles.	templates or automated	☐ Develop network for
undertakings, or	others and when not to	prevent duplicating the work	☐ Carry out all steps to	spreadsheets.	accessing, tracking, sharing
interweave your	interrupt.	of others.	ensure legal and safe	☐ Mobilise support	and building on solutions.
contribution smoothly	Learn to record	☐ Use general familiarity	procedures in a rapidly	networks for a quick and	☐ Foster a long-term
with that of others.			changing situation.	individualised emergency	_
Example:	information accurately and to convey it to relevant	with the work process to stand in for others at short	☐ Reorganise the weekly	response.	perspective through a system for maintaining key
Early childhood teachers	people in a timely way.	notice.	plan with colleagues as new	☐ Organise your long-term	records.
and education support	people in a timery way.	notice.	demands crop up, adapting	work cycle to be available to	records.
workers may need to			your intentions and timing.	team members at key	
meet each day,			your intentions and timing.	times.	
reviewing children's				timos.	
progress and planning					
the next day.					

SKILL ELEMENT	Loam	Do fluority	Salva navy problems	Create tegether	Change system
SKILL ELEWENI	Learn	Do fluently	Solve new problems	Create together	Change system
C3. Maintaining	Learn to patch up minor	☐ Fix up things that have	☐ Identify minor issues	Cooperate to find a way	Research underlying
and/or restoring	misunderstandings before	not been followed through,	that have the potential to	around or through	causes of bottlenecks and
workflow – capacity to	they escalate.	without undermining others.	grow into bigger problems	obstacles.	negotiate the introduction of
maintain and balance	☐ Learn to rebalance and	Develop safe knacks to	and act to prevent this.	☐ Find ways to optimise	key levers to resolve them.
workflow, deal with	refocus quickly after	keep fault-prone equipment	☐ In jobs calling for rapid	resource use through	☐ Anticipate where existing
emergencies, overcome	something goes wrong.	running.	responses and legal or	continual fine-tuning or	frameworks may come
obstacles, or help put	☐ Learn the steps to follow	☐ Plan to ensure that all	financial accountability,	tweaking, for example, of	under pressure and ensure
things back on track.	in dealing calmly with an	needs of a dependent client	develop your own fail-safe	the timing of outlays.	backup systems are in
Example:	emergency.	will be met between	tracking system.	☐ Develop shared	place.
In dealing with an IT		meetings.	☐ Make safe decisions in	techniques for solving	☐ Work to maintain
outage, technicians			situations where information	problems under high	continuity and stability as
work together to find			is ambiguous, rapidly	pressure during an	well as responsiveness to
and fix the problem,			changing or unavailable.	emergency.	change, projecting a
pin-pointing what is					consistent message.
needed for a back-up					
system					
Please provide another example: How long did it take to learn to do this well?					
Finally, is there any aspect of your job that has not been brought into the Spotlight? If so, please let us know:					
If you have any feedback of comments on how to improve this workbook, please let us know:					

PERSONAL QUALITIES KEY ACTIVITY EXAMPLES

Position details		Date
Personal qualities	Key activity examples	Spotlight skill element and level (e.g. B2 L4)
Professionalism		
Can do attitude, initiative, self motivation		
Outgoing personality		
Tact and empathy		
Problem-solving		
Resilience		
Time management		
Customer focus		
Teamwork		
Leadership		

SKILLS AUDIT

Kia ora. Welcome to this Spotlight Skills Audit, designed to help you build a profile of some of your less well-recognised skills. These skills are often overlooked because they are hard to put into words. Researchers have identified nine such skills to be particularly important in work performance.

How to use this booklet

You will be working with a team leader, mentor or facilitator. You will need your current position description and your résumé. The booklet consists of a set of work activity statements that indicate how people use these nine skills at work:

- ✓ Please tick activities that you undertake in your present work, or that you have done in past work, paid or unpaid.
- O Please circle any activities where you would like further practice or guidance.

How you can use the information once you collect it

At the end of the booklet is advice on how to turn this information into a personal skills profile.

- You can incorporate relevant parts of your hidden skills profile and key activity statements into your résumé. This may be helpful in applying for jobs or promotion internally or externally, or in an appraisal interview.
- If you have circled areas where you would like to build your skills, you can discuss developmental activities with your team leader.
- If you can demonstrate that some of your skills are being under-utilised, you may be able to negotiate new challenges in your present job or career path opportunities.

Please start by filling in the information below

Name				
Work unit				
Location				
How long have you been in this job?				

	✓ Tick the boxes for work activities you have undertaken successfully O Circle the boxes where you would like development opportunity.				
SKILL ELEMENT	Learn	Do fluently	Solve new problems	Create together	Change system
A1. Sensing contexts	☐ Build up understanding	☐ Adapt and apply	☐ Piece together	☐ Handle uncertainty by	☐ Use understanding of
or situations -	of worksite, resources,	practical knowledge and	information and	exchanging rapid situational	organisation's priorities to
capacity to notice,	contacts, roles and rules.	skills gained outside the	perspectives from various	updates with colleagues,	influence systems and
interpret and	☐ Build up a general	workplace.	sources to solve a problem.	using codes or signals.	policies.
understand the	understanding of terms and	☐ Draw on wider	☐ Use knowledge of	☐ With colleagues, share	☐ Develop a system of
significance of wider job	technology used by	experience of workplaces to	internal and external	ideas and approaches to	regular information
contexts or changed	specialists in the work area.	fit in with the styles of	contexts to anticipate	solving client or technical	exchange on developments
workplace situations.	☐ Use observation,	different work groups.	problems.	problems.	inside and outside the
Examples:	questions, reading and	☐ Automatically pick up on	☐ Solve a problem for a	☐ By helping create and	organisation.
A caseworker maintains	reflection to understand	small situational changes or	client or colleague by sifting	maintain internal and	☐ Bring together people
a strong awareness of	wider work contexts.	early warning signs.	key issues from masses of	external networks, keep up	with theoretical knowledge
local community			detail.	to date on developments	and practical experience to
networks.				and trends relevant to the	think about an issue in a
A corrections officer				work area.	new way.
picks up early signs that					
trouble is brewing.					

Please provide another example of an activity where you have used awareness of wider contexts or changing situations:

	✓ Tick the boxes for work act	tivities you have undertaken su	uccessfully O Circl	e the boxes where you would l	ike development opportunities
SKILL ELEMENT	Learn	Do fluently	Solve new problems	Create together	Change system
A2. Monitoring and	☐ Learn to recognise and	☐ Recognise provocations	☐ By keying in to other	☐ Be alert to the work	☐ Know when to persevere
guiding reactions -	set aside your own pre-	(try ons) and deftly avoid	people's way of thinking,	group's emotional under-	and when to let go of a
capacity to monitor and	judgements of people or	responding to them.	filter information for its	currents, strengths and	system change you are
guide your own and	situations.	Use cues or formulas to	relevance to them.	needs.	seeking to introduce.
others' reactions, or	☐ Gain insight into difficult	guide or coach others in	☐ Handle situations where	☐ Compare notes with	☐ Monitor perceptions of
manage situations	behaviour by seeing when it	how to behave in a	participants have varying	colleagues, to identify	an initiative, to clear up
where awareness levels	is a response to fear or	situation.	levels of awareness and	underlying causes of	misinterpretations.
vary.	embarrassment.	☐ In a difficult situation.	want different degrees of	difficulties and share	☐ Foresee potential
Example:	☐ Learn to control your	automatically cross-check	disclosure.	approaches to handling	difficulties with a policy
A probation officer going	reactions to frightening or	your own and co-workers'	☐ Manage responses to	them.	proposal and find ways of
with a new team	disgusting situations.	reactions.	overwhelming tasks by	☐ Prepare for a key event	addressing them in
member into a			breaking them into steps.	by going through all the	advance.
potentially dangerous				steps and gaining feedback	
situation, monitors her				from a trusted colleague.	
own and her partner's					
responses.					

Please provide another example of an activity where you have used awareness of you own and other people's reactions:

	✓ Tick the boxes for work activities you have undertaken successfully O Circle the boxes where you would like develop				
SKILL ELEMENT	Learn	Do fluently	Solve new problems	Create together	Change system
A3. Judging impacts –	☐ Learn to predict how	☐ By listening and	☐ Pick the right moment	☐ Regularly summarise	☐ Set up processes for
capacity to evaluate	your responses to a	watching, sense the point at	for conveying news, judging	your understanding of what	drawing together feedback
your own or team's	situation will affect the	which someone is beginning	from reactions how much to	is going on in order to check	from a wide range of
impacts in the	reactions of other people.	to be uncomfortable with	say.	that others agree.	sources in order to assess
workplace or on clients	☐ Learn to screen	what you are saying or	☐ In using technology on	☐ Help create a supportive	wider and longer term
or community.	unnecessarily worrying or	doing.	or with people,	context for giving and	impacts.
Example:	unsettling work processes	☐ Automatically minimise	monitor/analyse information	receiving feedback when	☐ Perceive flow-on impacts
A technician judges	from clients.	others' fear or shame (for	whilst chatting to relax	approaches are not working	of decisions on other parts
which approaches are	Learn to read a situation	example, calmly refer to a	them.	well.	of the organisation.
producing beneficial	and consider consequences	little mishap).	☐ Test your ideas by	☐ Constructively challenge	☐ Develop a system for
effects, testing ideas	before responding.	☐ Automatically act to	listening, observing and	practices that compromise	analysing and addressing
and exchanging notes		reduce the stress of others,	reflecting in coming up with	the safety or dignity of	longer-term impacts by
with colleagues.		for example, by explaining	a solution to a problem.	others.	reviewing unintended
		actions and delays.			outcomes and their causes.

Please provide another example of an activity in which you have used your capacity to judge impacts:

	✓ Tick the boxes for work activities you have undertaken successfully O Circle the boxes where you would like development opportunity				
SKILL ELEMENT	Learn	Do fluently	Solve new problems	Create together	Change system
B1. Negotiating	☐ In responding to	☐ Communicate clear and	☐ Find a pleasant way to	☐ Quietly share knowledge	☐ Carry a proposal forward
boundaries – capacity	requests from clients or	consistent limits in a way	refuse requests that would	and experience with people	by networking with key
to set your own	colleagues, learn to	that gains acceptance.	deflect from deadlines.	who do not accept your	stakeholders.
boundaries and respect	establish the boundaries of	☐ Maintain cordial relations	☐ Confront problems	authority.	☐ Gain support for a
those of others, or	your role.	with people outside your	quickly and directly (for	☐ Give others space to	change proposal by planting
influence or negotiate	☐ Learn to allow upset	authority, thereby gaining	example, 'You aren't going	learn and make mistakes.	the idea in stages or testing
within and across	people to calm down before	cooperation.	to want to hear this, but	☐ Find ways to improve	the water with key people.
boundaries.	trying to help.	☐ Provide support	').	work practices by	☐ Provide a sense of
Examples:	Learn to gain	unobtrusively to enhance	☐ Negotiate or advocate in	constructively giving and	direction that energises
A customer service	understanding and consent	others' independence.	a way that retains good-will,	receiving negative feedback	others by reflecting their
representative avoids	by explaining each step of a		whilst not giving way on	in unequal power situations.	aspirations.
being drawn into	process.		bottom line solutions.		
creating unrealistic					
client expectations.					
A support worker					
tactfully advises a					
senior colleague that					
her preferred approach					
is not working for a					
client.					

Please provide another example where you have negotiated a boundary:

	✓ Tick the boxes for work activities you have undertaken successfully O Circle the boxes where you would like development opportunitie					
SKILL ELEMENT	Learn	Do fluently	Solve new problems	Create together	Change system	
B2. Communicating	☐ Learn to interpret tone of	☐ Interpret the needs and	Pace communication to	☐ Solve technical problems	☐ Crystallise the views of a	
verbally and non-	voice and body language.	intentions of people who	the varying attention spans	for non-experts by using	diverse audience with apt or	
verbally – capacity to	☐ Learn to use	have restricted mobility or	of different listeners.	symbols or familiar	memorable language or	
respond to and use	conversation or tone of	verbal language.	☐ Pitch language to people	comparisons to identify the	images.	
verbal and non-verbal	voice to put people at ease,	☐ Use silent friendly	with varying levels of	problem and communicate	☐ Use understanding of	
communication	keep their spirits up or allow	listening, allowing people to	understanding.	solutions.	community issues to ensure	
adaptively or	closure.	talk through their concerns.	Overcome	☐ Coin catchphrases that	communications gain	
aesthetically.	☐ Learn to set out	☐ Use reassuring and	miscommunication problems	will serve as a shared guide	acceptance by a range of	
Examples:	concepts clearly and	respectful touch (when	by translating, for example,	to action.	audiences.	
A rehabilitation worker	logically using written and	appropriate), to convey or	between children and	☐ Collaboratively use	☐ Help build a consistent,	
uses physical cues to	spoken language and other	gain information.	experts.	resources and media to	aesthetic and ethical	
guide the learning of a	media.			build a stimulating or	communication style for the	
client, noting tiny signs				reassuring environment.	organisation.	
of progress.						
An administrative officer						
uses layout and design						
to communicate an						
attractive message in						
newsletters.						

Please provide another example where you have used verbal or non-verbal communication skills:

	✓ Tick the boxes for work ac	tivities you have undertaken su	accessfully O Circl	e the boxes where you would li	ike development opportunities
SKILL ELEMENT	Learn	Do fluently	Solve new problems	Create together	Change system
B3. Connecting	Learn the rules for	☐ See your own and your	☐ Approach work practices	☐ Listen attentively to key	☐ Work with people from
across cultures -	interacting appropriately in	work team's behaviour from	from the perspectives of	in to the sub-text and	diverse backgrounds to help
capacity to develop	intercultural situations.	the perspective of another	Māori staff and staff from	dynamics of gatherings	knock over systemic
awareness of diverse	☐ Learn to interact easily	culture.	other cultural backgrounds.	based on Māori or another	barriers.
cultures and understand	and respectfully with people	☐ Identify the correct	☐ Work effectively with	language or culture.	☐ In consultation with
your own cultural	from diverse cultures.	community spokespeople to	people who have different	☐ Incorporate elements of	appropriate spokespeople,
impact, or build	☐ Learn protocols for	approach for specific	approaches to time.	te reo Māori, a community	work at a systems level to
intercultural trust relations.	respectful use of traditional	purposes.	☐ Help negotiate solutions	language, NZSL, Braille or	implement Treaty
relations.	knowledge.	☐ Speak and act in a way	to problems caused by	Makaton into your work	obligations of partnership,
Examples:		that fits with cultural	disability or cultural	practices.	participation and protection
A liaison officer follows		protocols and values, for	misunderstandings.	☐ Informally interpret or	of Māori interests.
protocols in working		example, Māori respect for		mediate between work	By immersion in a
with the appropriate		status and mutual care.		colleagues and members of	community, help build
people in ensuring				cultural communities.	culturally appropriate
services are based on					programmes.
the principle of					
participation.					
A social worker who					
doesn't speak a client's					
language finds culturally					
appropriate help.					

Please provide another example of an activity in which you used intercultural skills:

	✓ Tick the boxes for work ac	tivities you have undertaken su	ccessfully O Circl	e the boxes where you would li	ke development opportunities
SKILL ELEMENT	Learn	Do fluently	Solve new problems	Create together	Change system
C1. Sequencing and	☐ Develop a list of	☐ See what needs to be	☐ Assess urgency and	☐ Exchange tricks of the	☐ Help embed useful
combining activities -	contacts, definitions,	done and automatically do	importance of simultaneous	trade and ideas for	elements of your own
capacity to organise	reminders and shortcuts to	it, so that no-one notices	calls on attention, any of	shortcuts with colleagues.	systems and codes in the
your work by	help streamline work.	your input until absent.	which could become a crisis.	☐ Plan team briefings by	organisation's programmes.
prioritising, switching,	☐ Learn to incorporate new	Respond to a range of	☐ As new demands arise	using a logical sequence and	☐ Maintain a range of
combining and linking	tools and techniques into	demands by making sense	during the day, frequently	leaving out non-essentials in	initiatives at various stages
activities.	work processes.	of the muddle slotting each	reprioritise tasks and	order to avoid confusion.	of completion, switching
Example:	☐ Learn to sort your own	request into the day.	streamline movements to	☐ Develop codes for	attention among them to
A care assistant	tasks according to	☐ If interrupted, carry the	keep within deadlines.	recording key details of	even out workload peaks.
maintains a schedule of	importance and urgency.	idea and get back quickly to	lacksquare Think quickly on your	events as they happen to	☐ Map long-term goals, to
both patient care and		the same point.	feet when challenged or	allow effective follow-up.	help align them with
ward upkeep, quickly			when something		organisational realities.
refocusing after			malfunctions in the course		
frequent interruptions			of an activity.		
when patients, family,					
whanau and staff					
members ask for help.					

Please provide another example of an activity in which you combined and sequence tasks:

	✓ Tick the boxes for work act	tivities you have undertaken su	ccessfully O Circle	e the boxes where you would li	ke development opportunities
SKILL ELEMENT	Learn	Do fluently	Solve new problems	Create together	Change system
C2. Interweaving	Learn to keep notes of	☐ Use knowledge of how	☐ Monitor each step of a	☐ Develop shared	☐ Create systems for
your activities with	loose ends that need to be	the workplace runs to	group work process so that	information exchange, such	sharing innovations or
others' – capacity to	followed up with colleagues.	ensure issues are followed	everything is at hand for	as mental maps, flow-	solutions to intractable
follow up tasks and	☐ Learn the best timing	through to closure.	individuals with varying	charts, coding systems,	problems.
follow through on	and approach in interrupting	☐ Automatically check to	work styles.	templates or automated	☐ Develop network for
undertakings, or	others and when not to	prevent duplicating the work	☐ Carry out all steps to	spreadsheets.	accessing, tracking, sharing
interweave your	interrupt.	of others.	ensure legal and safe	☐ Mobilise support	and building on solutions.
contribution smoothly	Learn to record	☐ Use general familiarity	procedures in a rapidly	networks for a quick and	☐ Foster a long-term
with that of others.	information accurately and	with the work process to	changing situation.	individualised emergency	perspective through a
Example:	to convey it to relevant	stand in for others at short	☐ Reorganise the weekly	response.	system for maintaining key
Early childhood teachers	people in a timely way.	notice.	plan with colleagues as new	Organise your long-term	records.
and education support			demands crop up, adapting	work cycle to be available to	
workers may need to			your intentions and timing.	team members at key	
meet each day,				times.	
reviewing children's					
progress and planning					
the next day.					

Please provide another example of an activity where you interweaved your own work smoothly with that of colleagues:

	✓ Tick the boxes for work ac	tivities you have undertaken su	ccessfully O Circle	e the boxes where you would li	ke development opportunities
SKILL ELEMENT	Learn	Do fluently	Solve new problems	Create together	Change system
C3. Maintaining	Learn to patch up minor	☐ Fix up things that have	☐ Identify minor issues	☐ Cooperate to find a way	Research underlying
and/or restoring	misunderstandings before	not been followed through,	that have the potential to	around or through	causes of bottlenecks and
workflow – capacity to	they escalate.	without undermining others.	grow into bigger problems	obstacles.	negotiate the introduction of
maintain and balance	Learn to rebalance and	Develop safe knacks to	and act to prevent this.	☐ Find ways to optimise	key levers to resolve them.
workflow, deal with	refocus quickly after	keep fault-prone equipment	☐ In jobs calling for rapid	resource use through	☐ Anticipate where existing
emergencies, overcome	something goes wrong.	running.	responses and legal or	continual fine-tuning or	frameworks may come
obstacles, or help put	☐ Learn the steps to follow	☐ Plan to ensure that all	financial accountability,	tweaking, for example, of	under pressure and ensure
things back on track.	in dealing calmly with an	needs of a dependent client	develop your own fail-safe	the timing of outlays.	backup systems are in
Example:	emergency.	will be met between	tracking system.	☐ Develop shared	place.
In dealing with an IT	emergency.	meetings.	☐ Make safe decisions in	techniques for solving	☐ Work to maintain
outage, technicians		3	situations where information	problems under high	continuity and stability as
work together to find			is ambiguous, rapidly	pressure during an	well as responsiveness to
and fix the problem,			changing or unavailable.	emergency.	change, projecting a
pin-pointing what is					consistent message.
needed for a back-up					
system					

Please provide another example of your capacity to maintain or restore workflow:

Profiling your hidden skills

Congratulations on bringing some hidden skills into the spotlight.

If you look back over the previous nine pages, you will see a number of statements that you can incorporate into your résumé, particularly in tailoring it to apply for specific jobs or promotion applications.

For example, if the job advertisement calls for 'good interpersonal and communication skills', you will be able to use items from Sections A and B. If it mentions 'time management' or 'ability to prioritise', you will be able to use items from Section C.

In preparing for a selection interview, the examples at the bottom of each page will help you prepare for behavioural questions (the ones that start with, 'Could you describe a situation in which you...?').

In looking at the items you have circled, you will have a list of areas where you can either focus on your own self-development or request development opportunities, for example, though shadowing, mentoring, job rotation or team-based opportunities.

To consolidate the information, you may wish to compile the Spotlight Skills Profile on the next page. You do this by transferring the ticks on each page in the audit to the boxes in the profile. For example, for 'Negotiating boundaries' (B1), you may have ticked three items for columns 1 and 2, two items in column 3 and one in column 4

	LEVELS						
	1. Familiarisation	2. Automatic fluency	3. Proficient problem-	4. Creative solution-	5. Expert system-		
		riuericy	problem-	Solution-	System-		
SKILL ELEMENTS			solving	sharing	shaping		
B. Interacting and relating							
B1. Negotiating boundaries	~ ~ ~	~ ~	~ ~	√			

You can add an example of any key skill elements that you wish to showcase. If preparing for a developmental performance review meeting, you can list the circled items in order to discuss opportunities for building these skills.

Spotlight Job Skills Profile

Organisation					
Position title					
Date					
	LEVELS				
	1. Familiarisation	2. Automatic	3. Proficient	4. Creative	5. Expert
		fluency	problem-	solution-	system-
SKILL ELEMENTS			solving	sharing	shaping
A. Shaping awareness			_		
A1. Sensing contexts or situations					
A2. Monitoring and guiding reactions					
A3. Judging impacts					
B. Interacting and relating	ng				
B1. Negotiating boundaries					
B2. Communicating verbally					
and non-verbally					
B3. Connecting across					
cultures					
C. Coordinating					
C1. Sequencing and					
combining activities					
C2. Interweaving your					
activities with others'					
C3. Maintaining and/or					
restoring workflow					

Examples of activities using key skill elements

SKILLS FOR INCLUSION IN SELECTION CRITERIA

Position	n details	Date		
Tick to include	Spotlight skill element	Level 1 at (months)	Target Level	level Months
	A1. Sensing contexts or situations — capacity to notice, interpret and understand the significance of wider job contexts or changed workplace situations Key activity example(s)			
	A2. Monitor and guide your own or others' reactions – capacity to monitor and guide your own and others' reactions or to manage situations where awareness levels vary Key activity example(s)			
	A3. Judge impacts – capacity to evaluate your own or team's impact, in the workplace or on clients or community Key activity example(s)			
	B1. Negotiate boundaries – capacity to set your own boundaries and respect those of others or influence or negotiate within and across boundaries Key activity example(s)			
	B2. Communicate verbally and non-verbally – capacity to respond to and use non-verbal and verbal communication or enhance the impact of the organisation's communications *Key activity example(s)*			
	B3. Connect across cultures – capacity to develop awareness of diverse cultures and understand one's own cultural impact or build intercultural trust relations or honour Treaty of Waitangi obligations Key activity example(s)			
	C1. Sequence and combine your own activities – capacity to organise your own work by prioritising, switching and interlinking activities Key activity example(s)			
	C2. Interweave your own activities with those of others – capacity to follow up tasks and follow through on undertakings or interweave your contribution smoothly with that of others Key activity example(s)			
	C3. Maintain or restore workflow – capacity to maintain, rebalance or restore workflow or overcome obstacles or help put things back on track Key activity example(s)			

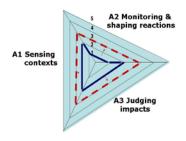
STRETCH GOAL PROFILE

Name	Position title				
Organisation	Discussion date		Review da	ite	
Map existing and target skill levels, for example: — Current skill levels — Goals Goals Goals A3 Work out impacts of your actions in unclear situations C1 Coach a team member in streamlining work tasks C2 Work with team to solve demanding problems C3 Work independently to help maintain work-flow SKILL ELEMENTS		B1	5 B2 4 3	В3	
A1. Sensing contexts and situations A2. Monitoring and guiding reactions A3. Judging impacts B1. Negotiating boundaries	A	2		C1	
B2. Communicating B3. Connecting across cultures			+	//.	
C1. Sequencing and combining own activities C2. Interweaving activities with others' C3. Maintaining and restoring work-flow		A1		C2	
Examples of activities to be undertaken in order to develop key skill elements	SKILL LEVELS		С3		
•	1. Familiarisation	2. Automatic fluency	3. Proficient problem-solving	4. Creative solution- sharing	5. Expert system- shaping
	Capacity to:				
	Build experience through practice, reflection and	Apply experience independently and automatically	Use automatic proficiency while solving new	Help create new approaches through shared solutions	Embed expertise in an ongoing work system
	learning from others	automatically	problems	Silai cu solutions	3,3(6)11

A. Skills of shaping awareness – stretch goals

Name	Position title		
Organisation	Discussion date	Review date	

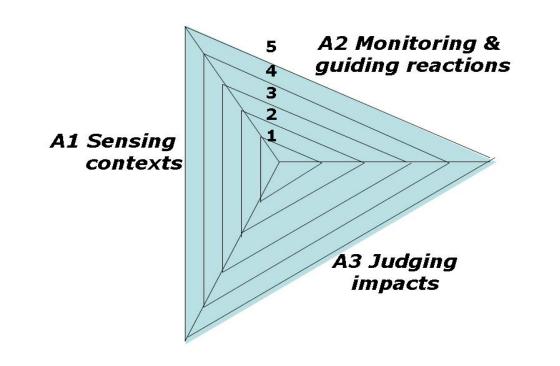
Map existing and target skill levels, for example:



SKILL ELEMENTS

- **A1. Sensing contexts or situations** capacity to notice and understand the significance of work contexts or changed workplace situations
- **A2. Monitoring and guiding reactions** capacity to monitor and guide your own reactions and those of others and to manage situations where awareness levels vary
- **A3. Judging impacts** capacity to evaluate the impacts of your own or the work group's actions in the workplace and on clients or community

Examples of activities to be undertaken in order to develop key skills



<u>SKI</u>	LL	LE,	VE	<u>ELS</u>

1. Familiarisation	2. Automatic fluency	3. Proficient	4. Creative solution-	5. Expert system-
		problem-solving	sharing	shaping
Capacity to:				
Build experience	Apply experience	Use automatic	Help create new	Embed expertise in
through practice,	independently and	proficiency while	approaches through	an ongoing work
reflection and	automatically	solving new	shared solutions	system
learning from others		problems		

B. Skills of interacting and relating – stretch goals

Name	Position title				
Organisation	Discussion date		Review da	nte	
Map existing and target skill levels, for example: B1 Negotiating boundaries SKILL ELEMENTS B1. Negotiating boundaries – capacity to set your own boundaries and respect those of others and to influence or negotiate within and across authority lines B2. Communicating – capacity to respond to and use non- verbal and verbal communication adaptively B3. Connecting across cultures – capacity to deepen your understanding of diverse cultures and of your own cultural impact, and/or to build intercultural relation Examples of activities to be undertaken in order to	the state of the s	B1 tiating daries	3 2 1 B3	Connecting oss cultures	
develop key skills					
201015p 1107 5111115	1. Familiarisation	2. Automatic fluency	Proficient problem-solving	Creative solution- sharing	5. Expert system- shaping
	Capacity to:		<u> </u>	-	
	Build experience through practice, reflection and learning from others	Apply experience independently and automatically	Use automatic proficiency while solving new problems	Help create new approaches through shared solutions	Embed expertise in an ongoing work system

C. Skills of coordinating – stretch goals

Name	Position title				
Organisation	Discussion date		Review	date	
Map existing and target skill levels, for example: C1 Sequence, switch, link activities C3 Maintain, rebalance, restore workflow SKILL ELEMENTS C1. Sequencing and combining your own activities — capacity to organise your work, by prioritising, switching and refocusing attention, and combining and linking activities C2. Interweaving activities collectively — capacity to follow up tasks, follow through on undertakings and interlink activities with those of colleagues C3 Maintaining and/or restoring workflow — capacity to maintain, balance or restore workflow, deal with emergencies, overcome obstacles, or help put things back on track		X 148	2 1 C3 N (re	nterweavin activities Maintaining, balancing ring workflo	
Examples of activities to be undertaken in order to	1. Familiarisation	2. Automatic	3. Proficient	4. Creative	5. Expert system-
develop key skills		fluency	problem-solving	solution-sharing	shaping
	Capacity to:				
	Build experience	Apply experience	Use automatic	Help create new	Embed expertise in
	through proctice	independently and	proficiency while	approaches	an ongoing work
	through practice,	inacpenacing and	p		arr origoning morre
	reflection and	automatically	solving new	through shared	system