Form 3

Record of strike or lockout

- A strike or lockout is an industrial action, whether it is lawful or not, that results in a total or partial reduction of labour for a continuous period of time. The meaning of strike under section 81 of the Employment Relations Act 2000 and lockout under section 82 of that Act are set out at the end of this form.
- Complete one form for each strike or lockout.
- If the strike or lockout was in more than one location, complete one form for each location.

 Under the Employment Relations Act 2000, you are obliged to keep a record of all this information whenever there is a strike or lockout.

 When you have completed this form, please return within one month after the end of each strike or lockout to: strike.notices@mbie.govt.nz

Work Stoppages
Employment New Zealand Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment PO Box 1473 Wellington

1.	Name of your business				
2.	Main industry of your business		$\overline{}$		
3.	Type of work reduction: (If the type changed during a co	Type of work reduction: (If the type changed during a continuous period of work interruption, please tick each type).			
	Strike				
	Lockout				
4.	If the industrial action was a strike involving partial non-compliance with employees' terms and conditions of employment, what type or types of action were involved: (<i>Tick as appropriate</i>)				
	A partial discontinuance of work through a refusal or failure to accept engagement for work that forms part of the employees' normal duties. For example, a ban on particular types of work, an overtime ban, or similar				
	A reduction in the employees' normal performance of work, normal output, or normal rate of work. For example, a "go slow", a "work to rule" or similar				
	Employees breaking their employment agreement, performance of work, normal output, or normal rate	t, whether or not that act involves any reduction in the employees' normal e of work			
5.	Place of strike or lockout: (Nearest city or town)				
6.	Number of employees involved in the strike or lockout: (Include non-striking employees suspended because of the unavailability of normal work during a strike or lockout)				
7.	Describe the group of employees involved according to their membership of a union, occupation or other relevant characteristic:				
8.	Do the employees involved include any: (Please tick all that apply)				
	Part-time employees				
	Shift workers				
	Employees whose normal span of hours includes weekends				
9.	Start time of strike or lockout:	on			
		me (am/pm) Day Month Year			
10.	Finish time of strike or lockout:	on			
11		me (am/pm) Day Month <u>Year</u>			
11.	. On how many of these days was work affected by this strike or lockout:				
	Please answer Questions 12, 13 and 14 if the strike or lockout included: (a) A total withdrawal of labour by some or all employees; or (b) A lockout; or (c) Wages or salaries deducted by you for the duration of the strike or lockout Otherwise go straight to Questions 15.				
12.	What was the duration of the strike or lockout: (Duration)	in hours)	$\neg \neg \neg$		
	How many hours were lost in total by all employees during the strike or lockout: (Include all hours normally worked at all times, including regular overtime and penal time that would have been worked.				
	For example, total time lost = duration of strike/lockout				
14.	What was the total amount of wages and salaries lost by all employees during the total time of the strike or lockout: (Include all wages and salary normally earned at all times, including regular overtime and penal time that would have been paid)				

15. What were the main reasons for the strike/lockout: (Tick all that apply)							
Dispute over whether the parties have acted in good faith			Dispute over hours of work provisions of employment agreement				
Dispute arising from negotiation of coverage of employment agreement			Dispute over redundancy provisions of employment agreement				
Dispute over wage provisions of employment agreement			Dispute over leave provisions of employment agreement				
Dispute over a safety	y or health issue		Dispute over overtime/shift provisions of employment agreement				
Dispute over the way the employment agreement is interpreted or applied			Other (Please describe)				
Dispute over alleged breach of agreement							
16. How was this underlying dispute finally resolved: (Tick one only)							
Not resolved			A determination/order of the Employment Relations Authority				
Negotiations between employer and employee or their representatives			A decision of the Employment Court or other third party				
Mediation services provided by Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment			Other (Please describe)				
Mediation provided b	oy a private provider						
17. How was the str	ike or lockout ended: (Tick one only)						
Without negotiations	or other action	A determination/order of the Employment Relations Authority					
Negotiations betwee	n employer and employee or their representatives		A decision of the Employment Court or other third party				
Mediation services provided by Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment			Other (Please describe)				
Mediation provided b	oy a private provider						
18. Details of the person completing this form:							
Name			Business address				
Position							
Email			Telephone number				
Signature			Date				
			Day Month Year				
Meaning of strike a 81 Meaning of strike	and lockout in the Employment Relations Act 2000						
(1) In this Act, strike	means an act that-						
	i number of employees who are or have been in the employment ntinuing that employment, whether wholly or partially, or in reduci						
(i) in refusing or failing after any such discontinuance to resume or return to their employment; or							
	king their employment agreements; or ing or failing to accept engagement for work in which they are usu	ually emp	ployed; or				
	ing their normal output or their normal rate of work; and						
(b) is due to a combination, agreement, common understanding, or concerted action, whether express or implied, made or entered into by the employees							
(2) In this Act, strike does not include an employees' meeting authorised— (a) by an employer; or							
(b) by an employment agreement; or (c) by this Act							
(3) In this Act, to strikemeans to become a party to a strike							
82 Meaning of lockout							
(1) In this Act, lockout means an act that— (a) is the act of an employer—							
() in closing the employer's place of business, or suspending or discontinuing the employer's business or any branch of that business; or							
(i) in discontinuing the employment of any employees; or (ii) in breaking some or all of the employer's employment agreements; or							
(M) in refusi	ing or failing to engage employees for any work for which the emp						
(b) is done with a view to compelling employees, or to aid another employer in compelling employees, to- () accept terms of employment; or							
(i) comply	with demands made by the employer						
(2) In this Act, to lock out means to become a party to a lockout							